IAC Ch 154, p.1

## 641—154.2(124E) Health care practitioner certification—duties and prohibitions.

**154.2(1)** Prior to a patient's submission of an application for a medical cannabidiol registration card pursuant to this rule, a health care practitioner shall do all of the following:

- a. Determine, in the health care practitioner's medical judgment, whether the patient whom the health care practitioner has examined and treated suffers from a debilitating medical condition that qualifies for the use of medical cannabidiol as defined by this chapter, and if so determined, provide the patient with a written certification of that diagnosis by completing the health care practitioner section of the application form provided for this purpose on the department's website (www.idph.iowa.gov).
- (1) If the health care practitioner provides written certification that a patient's qualifying debilitating medical condition is a terminal illness with a life expectancy of less than one year, the health care practitioner shall determine an appropriate total tetrahydrocannabinol cap. The health care practitioner shall indicate the total tetrahydrocannabinol cap on the written certification.
- (2) If the health care practitioner determines that 4.5 grams of total tetrahydrocannabinol in a 90-day period is insufficient to treat a patient's qualifying debilitating medical condition and the patient has participated in the medical cannabidiol program, the health care practitioner may recommend a higher total tetrahydrocannabinol cap. The health care practitioner shall indicate the higher total tetrahydrocannabinol cap on the written certification.
- b. Provide explanatory information to the patient as provided on the department's website (www.idph.iowa.gov) about the therapeutic use of medical cannabidiol and the possible risks, benefits, and side effects of the proposed treatment.

**154.2(2)** Subsequently, the health care practitioner shall do the following:

- a. Determine, on an annual basis, if the patient continues to suffer from a debilitating medical condition and, if so, issue the patient a new certification of that diagnosis.
- b. Otherwise comply with all requirements in this chapter and requests from the department for more information.
- **154.2(3)** A health care practitioner may provide, but has no duty to provide, a written certification pursuant to this rule.

**154.2(4)** Health care practitioner prohibitions.

- a. A health care practitioner shall not accept, solicit, or offer any form of remuneration from or to any individual, including but not limited to a patient, a primary caregiver, or an employee, investor, or owner of a medical cannabidiol manufacturer or dispensary, to certify a patient's condition, other than accepting a fee for a patient consultation to determine if the patient should be issued a certification of a qualifying debilitating medical condition.
- b. A health care practitioner shall not accept, solicit, or offer any form of remuneration from or to any individual, including but not limited to a patient, a primary caregiver, or an employee, investor, or owner of a medical cannabidiol manufacturer or dispensary, to certify an individual as a primary caregiver for a patient with respect to the use of medical cannabidiol, other than accepting a fee for a consultation to determine if the individual is a necessary caretaker taking responsibility for managing the well-being of the patient with respect to the use of medical cannabidiol.
- c. A health care practitioner shall not advertise certifying a qualifying debilitating medical condition as one of the health care practitioner's services.
- d. A health care practitioner shall not certify a qualifying debilitating medical condition for a patient who is the health care practitioner or a family or household member of the health care practitioner.
- e. A health care practitioner shall not be designated to act as a primary caregiver for a patient for whom the health care practitioner has certified a qualifying debilitating medical condition.
- f. A health care practitioner shall not receive or provide medical cannabidiol product samples. [ARC 1640C, IAB 10/1/14, effective 1/30/15; ARC 3150C, IAB 7/5/17, effective 6/13/17; ARC 4489C, IAB 6/5/19, effective 7/10/19; see Delay note at end of chapter; ARC 5200C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]